SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF ROCKLAND

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In the Matter of the Application of MICHAEL SEIDEL and MARION SEIDEL,

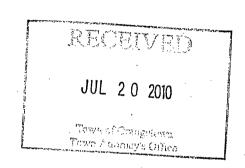
DECISION & ORDER

Petitioners,

INDEX NO. 236/2010

-against-

PATRICIA PRENDERGAST, as the Commissioner of Personnel of Rockland County, and Individually, the ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL, THE COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, THE TOWN OF ORANGETOWN, THE TOWN BOARD OF THE TOWN OF ORANGETOWN, THE POLICE COMMISSION OF THE TOWN OF ORANGETOWN, PAUL WHALEN, as Town Supervisor, as Police Commissioner, and Individually, DENNIS TROY, as Town Board Member, as Police Commissioner and Individually, TOM DIVINY, as as Town Board Member, as Police Commissioner and Individually, NANCY LOW HOGAN, as Town Board Member, as Police Commissioner and Individually, MICHAEL MATURO, as Town Board Member, as Police Commissioner and Individually, and KEVIN NULTY,



Respondents.

The following sets of papers numbered 1 to 9 were considered on the motion by Kevin Nulty and the motion by the Town of Orangetown to dismiss the petition:

Notice of petition, petition, and exhibits A-G 1

Notice of motion, affirmation, and exhibit A; memorandum of law 2,3

Notice of motion, affirmation, and exhibits A-K; memorandum of law 4,5

Affirmation in opposition and exhibits A-G and B&C memorandum of law	6,7
Reply memorandum of law	8
Reply memorandum of law	9

Upon review of the foregoing, Nulty's motion and the Town of Orangetown's motion are granted.

The petition in this proceeding seeks, among other things, to annul the May 13, 1997 appointment of Kevin Nulty to the position of Chief of Police in the Town of Orangetown on the ground that the appointment did not comport with the Rockland County Police Act or with the merit and fitness requirement of the New York State Constitution.

The petitioners lack standing to bring this proceeding because they

failed to show that "he or she will suffer a harm that is in some way different from that suffered by the public at large and that the alleged injury falls within the zone of interest sought to be promoted or protected by the statute under which the government agency has acted" (Matter of Rediker v. Zoning Bd. of Appeals of Town of Philipstown, 280 A.D.2d 548, 549 [2001], citing Society of Plastics Indus. v. County of Suffolk, 77 N.Y.2d 761, 772-774 [1991]; Matter of Long Is. Pine Barrens Socy. v. Town of Islip, 261 A.D.2d 474, 475 [1999]).

Clark v. Town Board of Town of Clarkstown, 28 A.D.3d 553, 553 (2d Dept. 2006).

Further, the petitioners do not qualify for "Common-law Taxpayer Standing" because they challenge an administrative

action, and because there was no barrier to judicial scrutiny of the appointment. See Clark v. Town Board of Town of Clarkstown, supra.

In any event, this proceeding is time-barred because the statute of limitations began to run when Nulty was appointed. See Platt v. Town of Southampton, 46 A.D.3d 907 (2d Dept. 2007). While the four-month statute of limitations does not apply to continuing violations of the merit and fitness requirement of the New York State Constitution (see, e.g., Grossman v. Rankin, 43 N.Y.2d 493 [1977]), Nulty's appointment does not represent a continuing practice, and a violation of the Rockland County Police Act, assuming for the sake of argument that there was one, is not a violation of the Constitution.

In view of these grounds for dismissal, the Court need not address any of the parties' other contentions.

This decision shall constitute the order of this Court.

ENTER

Dated: New City, New York July 12 , 2010

LINDA/S JAMIESON SUPREME COURT JUSTICE BUNYAN & BAUMGARTNER LLP 500 Bradley Hill Road Blauvelt, New York 10913

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